



POWER
ELECTRONICS
CAPACITORS

LNK
SERIES

DC Applications
Metallized Polypropylene Film
Self Healing

Company profile

OUR MISSION:

“Develop and supply high-quality capacitors, providing all the customers with full assistance from the design through the delivery.

We will take care to any particular needs that the customer may have.”

Established in 1946, ICAR has rapidly reached, and since then maintained, a leadership position in the research and development of new capacitors and components of which capacitors are key parts.

In the early 60's, first in the world, ICAR started the production of metallized polypropylene film capacitors, by developing the film metallization by its own.

ICAR group nowadays controls all the manufacturing phases of the capacitor: from the polypropylene film extrusion through its metallization, to the production of the finished capacitor.

The know-how accrued in almost 50 years of metallized film production, has enabled ICAR to bring to the market innovative products.

Today ICAR Group is a leader in the production of capacitors, both for power electronics applications and for low and medium voltage power factor correction.

ICAR Group today offers a wide range of products, all manufactured at its 6 plants located in Europe, that includes:

- power electronics and special capacitors
- lighting capacitors
- motor run capacitors
- Power Factor Correction capacitors and Systems
- L.V. and M.V. voltage stabilizers
- transformers and chokes

Icar group product range

POWER ELECTRONICS AND SPECIAL CAPACITORS

Polypropylene film capacitors for:

- DC link input filter both for industrial and traction inverters (LNK series and BIOENERGY D series)
- AC filter for inverters and UPS (MKV, MKP series)
- snubber capacitors for semiconductors (THY and MKV series)
- all purpose AC and DC capacitors (MKV, MKP and BIOENERGY A series)
- medium frequency furnaces (BIOFURN Series) and medical application
- special capacitors for energy storage

M.V. PFC CAPACITORS AND BANKS

Wide range of M.V. power capacitors, with powers from 50 to 800 kvar, available in single and three phase versions, up to 24 kV rated voltage.

Capacitor banks up to 150 kV both for indoor and outdoor installation can be supplied on customer need.

LIGHTING CAPACITORS

ICAR series of lighting capacitors are suitable for parallel and series power factor correction applications in both fluorescent and discharge light fittings.

Moreover Plastic Case Type A and Metal Case Type B capacitors can be equipped with a wide range of fixing devices and terminals options. ENEC and UL approvals certify that ICAR lighting capacitors are in compliance with the latest standards and assures customers of an ICAR product with high levels of quality and reliability.

MOTOR RUN CAPACITORS

ICAR motor run capacitor product range is one of the largest on the market.

The polypropylene film capacitors are available for different levels of voltage from 250V up to 500V with long life ratings up to 30.000 hours.

The variety of terminations and fixings shown in our catalogue gives the possibility to use these capacitors in any kind of application.

The special design of ICAR capacitors distinguishes these components both for their quality and for their reliability.

IMQ, VDE and UL approvals guarantee the ICAR motor capacitor range meets with international standards.

POWER CAPACITORS AND PFC CONTROLLERS

Aluminium can three phase capacitors of the CRT range are available for voltages from 230V to 800V and reactive powers ranging from 1 to 40 kvar.

Power Factor Correction Controllers of 5 to 12 steps, enjoys features like incorporated temperature sensors and control, alarms and protection functions.

PFC SYSTEMS AND HARMONIC FILTERS

Range is complete of fix and automatic LV power factor correction systems, standard and detuned, active and passive harmonic absorption filters.

All of automatic systems have undergone type tests at International Laboratories

VOLTAGE STABILISERS

Electrodynamics and static voltage stabilisers, single-phase and three-phase, LV and MV from 1 up to 4000kVA with microprocessor control system. Electrodynamics line conditioners, single-phase and three-phase, LV and MV from 1 up to 2000kVA with microprocessor control system.

TRANSFORMERS AND CHOKES

Single-phase and three-phase MV and LV Electric Transformers for galvanic isolation, UPS and rectifiers. Epoxy resin MV Transformers for distribution and rectifiers.

Single-phase and Three-phase MV and LV reactors and chokes for power correction system and AC/DC filters.



Quality policy

ICAR, a synonym for capacitor since 1946, has always considered the quality and the effectiveness of its internal processes as a key-factor in the company strategy.

The compliance with International Standards has always been kept as a fundamental reference for offering products and processes which completely match customers' requirements and expectations. ICAR Quality System is certified according to EN ISO 9001:2008 standard and for the products used in railways applications according to IRIS standard.

ICAR representatives are members of the most important international standard committees, in charge for issuing the reference standards for the capacitor industry.

In order to comply with the international regulations and with the most severe customers acceptance criteria, products are submitted to tests both in the internal laboratories and in the most important internationally recognized laboratories.



Selection rules and definitions

SELECTION RULES

VOLTAGE

Select a capacitor with surge peak voltage (U_S), rated voltage (U_N) and max ripple voltage (U_{rms}) higher than the operating ones.

Consider that:

- rated DC voltage of the capacitor (U_N) shall be higher than the sum of operating dc voltage + operating ripple peak voltage
- rms ripple voltage shall be lower than 10% of the rated voltage U_N , and it shall not exceed $150V_{rms}$

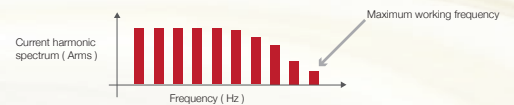
It is possible, within certain limits, to work above the rated voltage but this reduces the expected life of the capacitor.

CURRENT

Select a capacitor with maximum current I_{max} , higher than the operating current I_{rms}

Consider that:

- a thermal check shall be performed in order to verify that the chosen capacitor does not exceed the max operating temperature at operating I_{rms}
- for each family, the I_{max} has been calculated for a well defined $\vartheta_h - \vartheta_0$.
The dielectric losses ($Q \tan \delta_0$) have not been considered and the harmonic spectrum is supposed to be made of different frequency components ending up to the specified maximum working frequency. I_{max} should not be considered totally concentrated at the maximum working frequency.



THERMAL CHECK

Double check the expected working temperature of the capacitor in your application.

Consider that:

the hot spot temperature can be estimated as follows:

$$\vartheta_h = R_{th} * P + \vartheta_0$$

the total dissipated power can be calculated as follows:

$$P = Q \tan \delta_0 + R_S I_{rms}^2$$

During stationary operation ϑ_h must not exceed the maximum hot spot temperature given in this catalogue for each families of capacitors.

At rated duty and hot spot temperature of 70°C (65°C for LNK-M3, LNK-M2 and LNK-P3 series) the expected lifetime is 100.000 hours with a statistical failure rate of 300FIT (97% survival).

WARNING

The thermal check is based on the hypothesis that the heat generated into the capacitor is transmitted to the environment through the case surface. Possible localised overheating (poor connections, hot components in the nearby as other capacitors, operation with high harmonics frequency etc.) would bring the capacitor to a dramatic failure or to a reduction of the expected life.

Special tests by means of thermocouples should be performed to be sure that the maximum hot spot temperature is not exceeded even under the most critical ambient circumstances. Capacitors with thermocouples can be supplied on request.

DEFINITIONS

C_N	Rated Capacitance measured at 20°C.
U_N	Maximum operating peak voltage of either polarity of a non reversing type waveform for which the capacitor has been designed for continuous operation.
U_{rms}	Rated rms ripple voltage = $0.1 \times U_N$ max (max 150 V_{rms})
U_S	Surge (not repetitive) peak voltage
U_I	Rated insulation voltage. Rms value of the AC voltage for which the terminal to case insulation has been designed and tested
I_{MAX}	Maximum rms current value for continuous operation
Clearance	Shortest distance in air between terminals conducting parts or between terminal and case
Creepage	Shortest distance along an insulated surface between terminals conducting parts or between terminal and case
Q	Reactive power = $2 \times \pi \times f \times C \times U_{rms}^2$
f	Frequency of the ripple voltage
R_S	Series resistance representing the sum of all ohmic resistances in the capacitor. R_s is a typical estimated value based on average film metallization parameters.
ESR	Equivalent Series Resistance defined as $ESR = R_S + \tan \delta_0 / (2 \times \pi \times f \times C)$
$\tan \delta_0$	Dielectric dissipation factor. It can be considered constant in the normal working frequency range. Typical value for polypropylene is 2×10^{-4}
$\tan \delta$	Dissipation factor calculated as follows: $\tan \delta_0 + 2 \times \pi \times f \times C \times R_S$
dv/dt	Maximum slope of the voltage waveform
I_{PK}	Peak current $I_{PK} = C \, dV/dt$
P	Active power (losses) = $Q \times \tan \delta_0 + R_S \times I_{rms}^2$

R_{th} Thermal resistance between the hot-spot in the winding and the environment (natural cooling), so that:
 $P = (\vartheta_h - \vartheta_0) / R_{th}$
 In case of forced air cooling the thermal resistance will be reduced of 20%.
 R_{th} is a global parameter that doesn't consider localized overheating due to high frequency current.

ϑ_h Hottest point in the capacitor winding
 $= R_{th} \times P + \vartheta_0$

ϑ_0 Operating ambient temperature.
 It is the air temperature measured under steady conditions at 0,1m from the capacitor case and at two-thirds of the height from its base.

T_c Temperature coefficient of capacitance.
 The coefficient is equal to $-260 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$

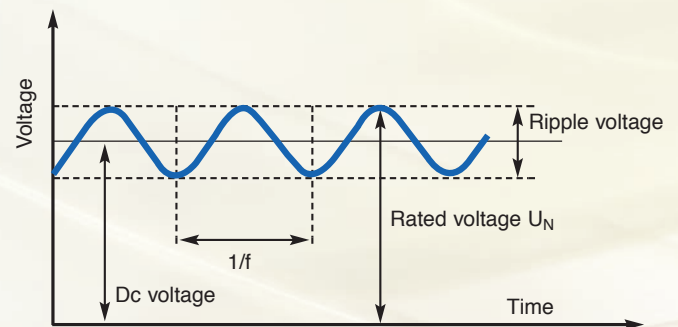
L_n Expected life at rated voltage U_N and hot-spot temperature of 70°C (65°C for LNK-M3, LNK-M2 and LNK-P3 series)

L Expected life at the actual working conditions

L_s Self inductance of the capacitor.
 It is due to the internal connections, terminals, winding characteristics and physical dimensions.

λ Failure rate (FIT) = $10^9 \times \text{failures/component} \times \text{hour}$

Graphical meaning of rated voltage U_N and peak to peak ripple voltage



The maximum allowed rms ripple voltage has to be lower than 10% of the rated voltage U_N (max 150 V_{rms})

Technical Information

Ratings

Capacitance tolerance: $\pm 10\%$, $\pm 5\%$ on request
Useful life: 100.000 hrs at 70°C hot-spot and U_N
Failure rate: 300FIT (97% survival) at 70°C hot-spot and U_N

For LNK-M3, LNK-M2 and LNK-P3 series:
Useful life: 100.000 hrs at 65°C hot-spot and U_N
Failure rate: 300FIT (97% survival) at 65°C hot-spot and U_N

Application

Expressly designed for operation with direct voltage

Environmental conditions

Operating temperature

$\vartheta_{\min} = -25^\circ\text{C}$, $\vartheta_{\max} = +70^\circ\text{C}$

ϑ_{\max} temperature of the hottest point on the case at which the capacitor may operate

ϑ_{\min} minimum operating ambient temperature at which the capacitor may operate

Storage temperature

$\vartheta_{\min} = -40^\circ\text{C}$, $\vartheta_{\max} = +85^\circ\text{C}$

ϑ_{\max} maximum ambient temperature at which the capacitor may be continuously maintained non-operating

ϑ_{\min} minimum ambient temperature at which the capacitor may be continuously maintained non-operating

Humidity class

Class F Max relative humidity: 75% annual on average, 95% 30 days per year, condensation not permitted


Design

The capacitor consists of metalized polypropylene windings filled with dry resin.


This technology gives many advantages:

- high DC voltage load capability
- high specific ratio capacitance to volume
- high capability to withstand surge currents
- very good self healig characteristics

Case material and resin

- Self extinguishing in accordance to UL 94 V0
- Capacitors families identified with symbol  present low smoke and toxicity emission in accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3 "GUIDELINES FOR FIRE PROTECTION OF RAILWAY VEHICLES: ACCEPTABILITY LIMITS"

UL Approval

Capacitors families identified with symbol  are UL approved:
UL file E191589



Environmental Compatibility

LNK series do not contain PCB and is manufactured in accordance to RoHS restrictions

Protection against accidental contact

All the capacitors are NOT protected against accidental contact

Discharge

All the capacitors are NOT provided with internal/external discharge device

Type of protection

Unprotected: no presence of overpressure disconnector/detector

Assembly/Cooling

The useful life of a capacitor can be dramatically reduced if exposed to excessive heat. In general, an increase in the ambient temperature of 7°C will halve the expected lifetime. Capacitors must be allowed to cool and should be shielded from external heat sources. Special tests by means of thermocouples should be conducted to be sure that the maximum hot spot temperature is not exceeded even under the most critical ambient circumstances. Capacitors shall not be placed near to heat source and a minimum clearance of 20mm between the capacitors shall be maintained

Overvoltages according to IEC 61071

Overvoltage	Maximum duration
$1,1 \times U_N$	30% of on load duration
$1,15 \times U_N$	30 min / day
$1,2 \times U_N$	5 min / day
$1,3 \times U_N$	1 min /day
$1,5 \times U_N$	30 ms, no more than 1000 times in the lifetime

Mounting position

LNK capacitors shown in this catalogue can operate in any position without restrictions.

Failure criteria

Capacitors are considered failed when one of the following conditions happens:

- short circuit
- open circuit
- capacitance reduction higher than 3% of the initial value
- $\tan \delta$ increase over 3 times the initial value

Please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. in case of doubt

Routine dielectric tests

The performed tests before delivery are the following:

- capacitance and $\tan \delta$ measurement
- D.C. voltage test between terminals ($1.5 U_N$ for 10s)
- A.C. voltage test between terminals and case
 $1.414 \times U_N + 1000V$ for 10s but not less than 2000 V

Risk of Explosion and Fire

Capacitors consist mainly of polypropylene film.

The film may ignite as a result of internal fault or external overload. Appropriate measures should be ensured to avoid any risk of hazard in the event of failure.

FIRE LOAD: 46MJ/kg

EXTINGUISH WITH: solid extinguish agent, CO₂, foam

Reference standard

IEC 61071

Storage and handling

We suggest not to keep the capacitors stored for more than 6 years.

After 1 years of storage, we recommend before energizing a preliminary measurement of capacitance and dissipation factor.

Polypropylene film capacitors do not need to be energized before using (polypropylene film capacitor do not need reforming process as for electrolytic one).

Storage condition to be respected are the following:

- relative humidity: 75% annual on average
- maximum relative humidity: 95%, 30 days per year
- condensation: not permitted
- minimum storage temperature: -40°C
- maximum storage temperature: +85°C

Capacitors shall be stored indoors packed.

Do not store capacitors in corrosive atmosphere (as example it is not allowed the presence of chloride and sulphide gas, acid, alkali, salt or equivalent substances).

Move packed capacitors with care, especially when using a fork lift truck. Do not strain connectors.

The theoretical expected life time curves given in "Operating Life pag.7" are not applicable after 2 years storage.

Maintenance

Before any operation, disconnect the capacitor or the bank, wait 5 minutes, short-circuit and earth the terminals.

Do not touch any capacitor terminal if not previously short circuited and earthed.

Periodical checks and inspections are required to ensure reliable operations: disregarding the following basic maintenance rules may result in severe operation, bursting and fire.

Two weeks after installation

- current measurement in the capacitors and comparison with the nominal one. In case of difference from the nominal value, check the capacitors and the application where they are installed
- check the tightness of the connection and terminals.
This operation is always required before the start up

Periodically* (at least every year)

- visual inspection in order to check mechanical deformation;
- clean the bushings and terminal boards to avoid short circuit due to dust or contaminants
- check the temperature in the cabinet where the capacitors are installed. An increase of temperature could be an indication of reduced efficiency of the cooling systems due to dust and other contaminants
- current measurement in the capacitors and comparison with the nominal one. In case of difference from the nominal value, check the application where they are installed
- check the surface temperature of energized capacitors.
In case of excessive temperature is recommended to replace the capacitor. This could be due to an increase of loss angle which is an indication of reached end of life
- check the tightness of the connection and terminals
- perform a C and $\tan \delta$ measurement. In case of capacitance reduction higher than 3% of the initial value or in case of $\tan \delta$ increase over 3 times the initial value, capacitors shall be replaced

* maintenance schedule has to be established according to the specific operating conditions (for instance, in a polluted environment cleaning should be more frequent) and to the total safety requirement of the whole equipment where they are installed.

Operating Life

The lifetime of a capacitor depends on the hot spot temperature and on the field strength in its dielectric during operation. The capacitors have been designed for an average probable service life of 100.000hrs at rated duty (voltage, temperature and frequency).

During the life of the product the probable failure rate is 300FIT at rated duty (voltage, temperature and frequency).

Operating condition higher than the rated duty may increase the FIT rate. Failures are considered short circuits, interruptions, capacitance drifts. Lifetime is a statistical value calculated on the basis of experience and on theoretical evaluations.

It does not have an absolute value and it is not possible to

transfer automatically data coming from a limited quantity of capacitors to a whole population or even to a single batch of capacitors.

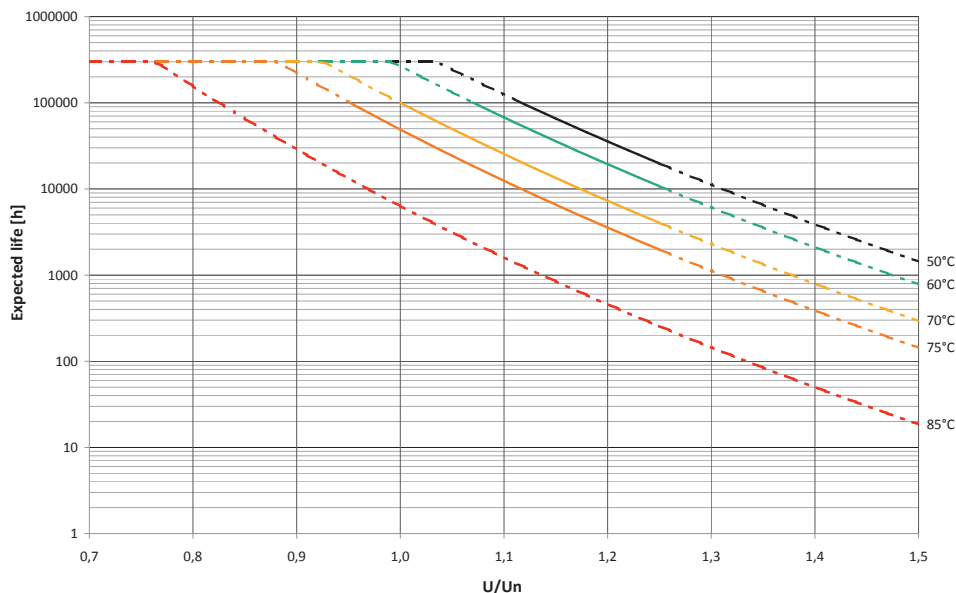
The following diagrams show the correlation between useful life, hot spot temperature and operating voltage.

The diagrams should be considered only as a theoretical reference.

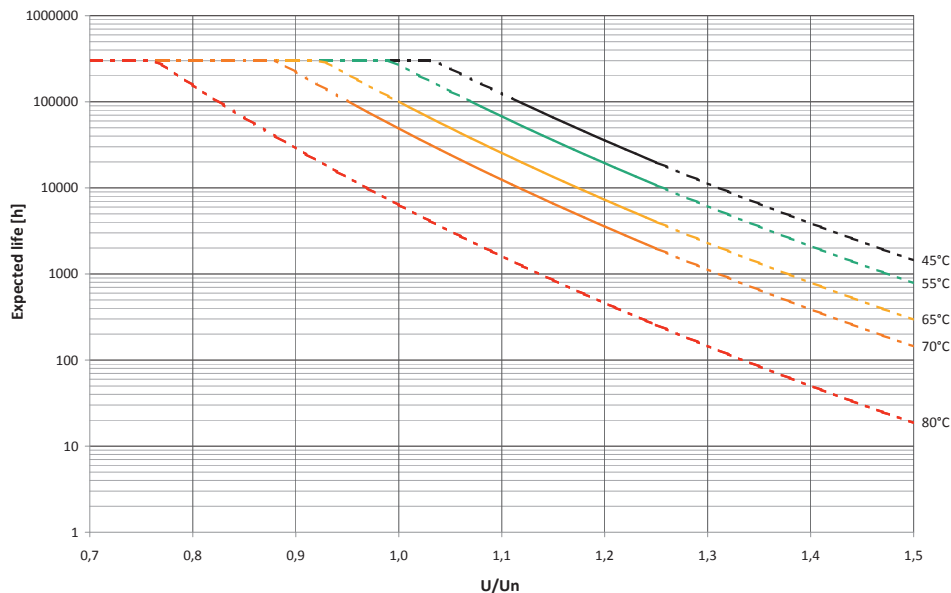
Dashed lines underline a high degree of uncertainty in case of voltage and hot temperature far from the rated ones, whose effect is a wide scattering in the experimental data. Please consult our technical department in case of working condition different from the rated ones.

Theoretical expected life time vs voltage and hot spot temperature

APPLICABLE FOR LNK-P1X, P2X, P2Z, P2L, P2T, P4X, P5X, P6X, P7X, P8X, P9X OF THIS CATALOGUE

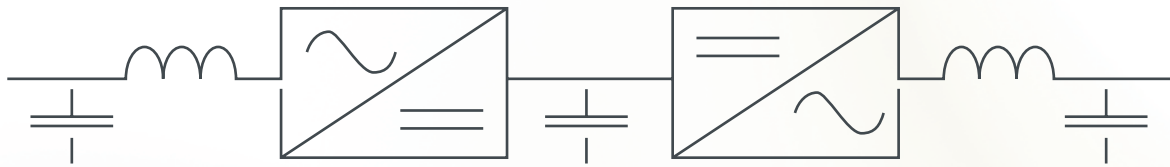


APPLICABLE FOR LNK-M3, LNK-M2 AND LNK-P3X OF THIS CATALOGUE



LNK Series

THE EFFECTIVE WAY TO REPLACE ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS



LNK SERIES
DC LINK
CAPACITORS

KEY POINTS

- COMPACT DESIGN
- LOW LOSSES
- HIGH RIPPLE CURRENT
- DRY TECHNOLOGY I.E. NO LEAKAGE PROBLEMS
- SELF EXTINGUISHING RESINS AND PLASTICS ACCORDING TO UL94
- RESINS AND PLASTICS IN ACCORDANCE TO UNI CEI 11170-3 "Guidelines for fire protection of railway vehicles: acceptability limits"

ADVANTAGES OF LNK CAPACITORS AGAINST ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

A typical industrial converter basically consists of an AC/DC section (to convert the AC voltage of the grid into a DC voltage) and a DC/AC section either at variable frequency (motor drive) or fixed frequency (generators or UPS). These two parts are connected through a DC bus (link circuit) where capacitors are required in order to filter the high frequency components (DC Link Capacitors).

Most important requirements for these capacitors are:

- capability to withstand high currents at frequencies above 1000 Hz
- high energy density (Joule/dm³)

Electrolytic Capacitors banks are used up to a voltage of 2000V, but their limits are:

- maximum working voltage across each capacitor limited to about 450÷500V
- maximum current, especially at high frequency, limited by the high ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) typical of this technology.

For these reasons, in general, Electrolytic Capacitors have to be connected in series/parallel to form banks able to withstand the voltages and the currents required by the application.

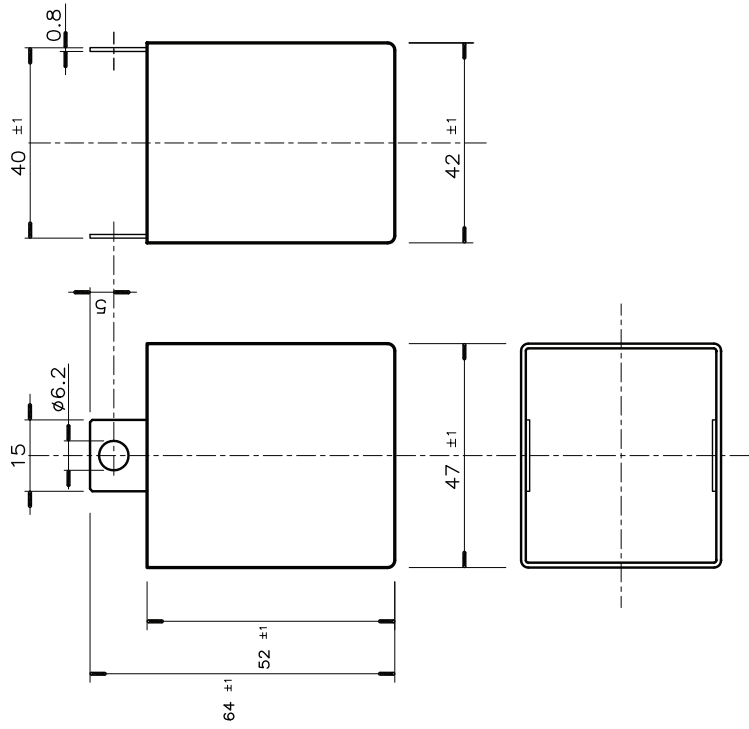
Polypropylene film capacitors are able to overcome these limits and **in most cases they are able to replace favourably electrolytic capacitors** in applications where the voltage is above 500Vdc.

Main advantages of Metallized Film Capacitor are:

- high current per capacitance (A/μF)
- high voltage per element
- high capability to withstand overvoltages up to 2 times the rated voltage
- more than 10 years estimated lifetime in the temperature range -25/+70°C
- easy connections and low equivalent inductance
- non polar dielectric
- no leakage of dangerous or poisonous electrolytes

Case Cross Reference Table

		Rated DC Voltage Un (V)															
		500-1000		1000-1500		1500-2000		2000-2500		2500-3000		3000-4000		4000-5000			
Capacitance C (µF)	0-50	P1X P6X		P1X P2L P2X P2T P2Z P6X	P1X P2L P2X P2T P2Z P6X									P4X			
	50-100	P2X P6X P2Z M3..2	P2X P2T P2Z P3X P2L P6X	P3X M3..2								P4X					
	100-150	P2X P6X P2Z M3..1 P2L M3..2 P2T M2..1	P3X		P3X M3..1 M3..2 M2..1								P9X				
	150-200	P3X M3..2 M3..1 M2..1	P3X M3..2		P7X M3..2 P8X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2					P4X P9X							
	200-250	P2L M3..1 P2T M3..2 P3X M2..1	P3X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2 M3..2	M3..1 M2..2 M3..2 M2..1	P4X		P9X										
	250-300	P3X M2..1 M3..1 M3..2	P3X M3..2 P7X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	M3..1 M2..2 M3..2 M2..1	P4X P9X						P5X						
	300-350	M3..1 M3..2 M2..1	P3X M3..2 P8X M2..1 M3..1	P4X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2 M3..2	P9X												
	350-400	P3X M3..2 M3..1 M2..1	P3X M3..2 P7X M2..2	P9X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2 M3..2							P5X						
	400-450	M3..1 M3..2 M2..1	P3X M3..2 P8X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P4X M3..2 M2..1													
	450-500	P3X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2 M3..2	P4X M3..2 P7X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P9X M3..1 M2..1			P5X		P5X								
	500-600	P3X M3..2 P7X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P8X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2 M3..2	M3..1 M2..1													
	600-700	P3X M3..2 P8X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P3X M3..2 P4X M2..1 M3..1	P9X M3..1 M2..1	P5X		P5X										
	700-800	P3X M3..2 P7X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P4X M2..2 M3..1 M3..2	M3..1 M2..1													
	800-900	P3X M3..2 P8X M2..1 M3..1	P4X M3..2 P9X M2..1 M3..1 M2..2	P5X													
	900-1000	M3..1 M2..1 M3..2 M2..2	P4X M3..2 M3..1 M2..1	P5X	P5X												
	1000-1500	P3X M3..1 P4X M3..2 P7X M2..1 P8X M2..2	P4X P9X M3..1 M2..1	P5X													
	1500-2000	P4X M3..2 P9X M2..1 M3..1	P5X M3..1 M2..1	P5X													
	2000-4000	P4X M2..1 P9X M3..1	P5X														
4000-8000	P5X																
8000-10000	P5X																



LNK – P1X

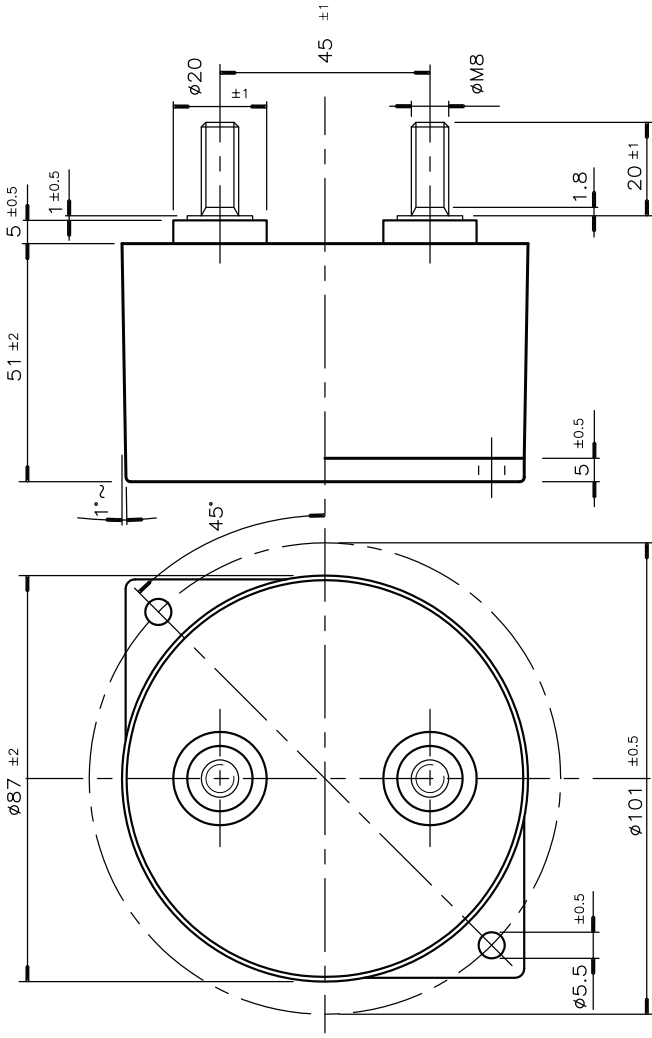


In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- VERY LOW INDUCTANCE
- SMALL SIZE

MODEL	Capacitance C(µF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P1X-45-70	45	700	1400	40	1500	15	1,40	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-30-90	30	900	1800	35	1300	15	1,70	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-25-100	25	1000	2000	35	1300	15	1,80	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-22-110	22	1100	2200	35	1200	15	1,90	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-16-125	16	1250	2500	30	1000	15	2,28	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-10-145	10	1450	2900	25	700	15	3,00	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49
LNK-P1X-7,5-180	7,5	1800	3600	20	700	15	3,25	12,8	40	36	36	0,15	49

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



LNK – P2X

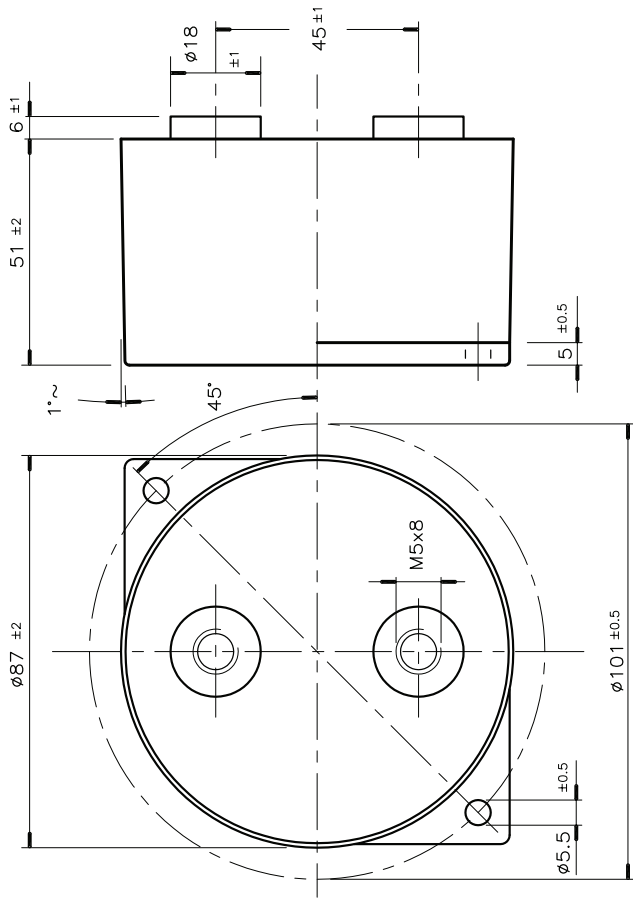


ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- OPTIMIZED FOR HEATSINK MOUNTING

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P2X-150-70	150	700	1400	85	5300	<30	0,4	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-100-90	100	900	1800	75	4500	<30	0,55	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-80-100	80	1000	2000	70	4000	<30	0,6	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-70-110	70	1100	2200	70	3800	<30	0,65	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-50-125	50	1250	2500	65	3200	<30	0,75	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-40-145	40	1450	2900	60	2900	<30	0,8	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2X-25-180	25	1800	3600	55	2300	<30	1	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16

- In order to decrease the thermal resistance, the capacitor should be installed on a heatsink through an heat conductive paste.
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



LNK – P2Z

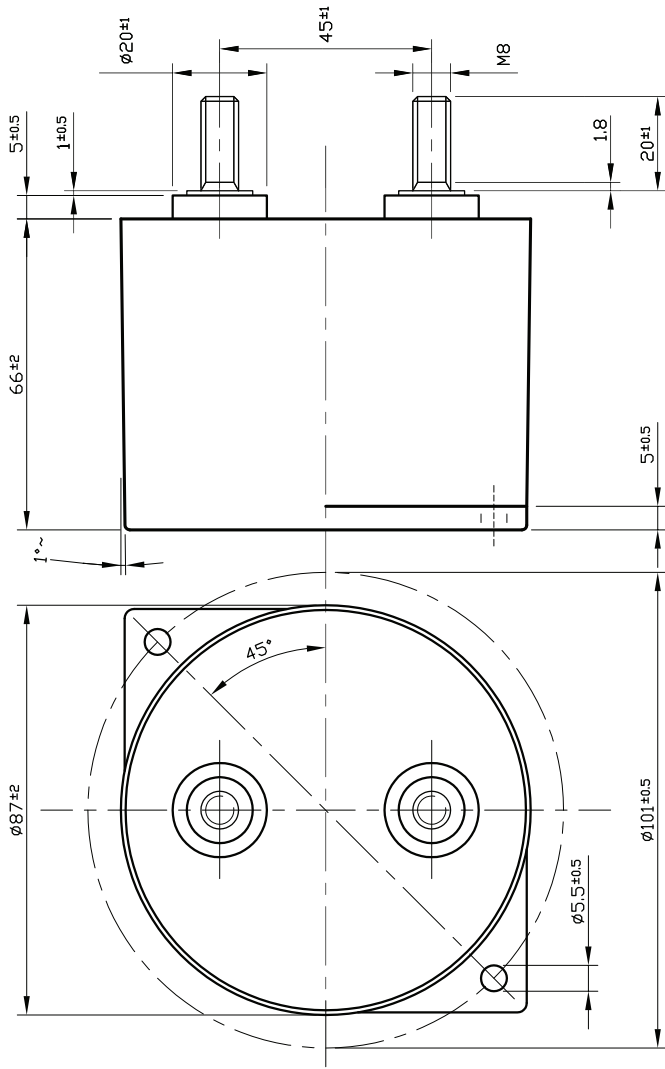


ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- OPTIMIZED FOR HEATSINK MOUNTING
- FEMALE CONNECTOR

MODEL	Capacitance C(μ F)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (m Ω)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} ($^{\circ}$ C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P2Z-150-70	150	700	1400	85	5300	<30	0,4	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-100-90	100	900	1800	75	4500	<30	0,55	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-80-100	80	1000	2000	70	4000	<30	0,6	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-70-110	70	1100	2200	70	3800	<30	0,65	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-50-125	50	1250	2500	65	3200	<30	0,75	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-40-145	40	1450	2900	60	2900	<30	0,8	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16
LNK-P2Z-25-180	25	1800	3600	55	2300	<30	1	10	10	28	28	10	2	0,45	16

- In order to decrease the thermal resistance, the capacitor should be installed on a heatsink through an heat conductive paste.
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



LNK - P2L

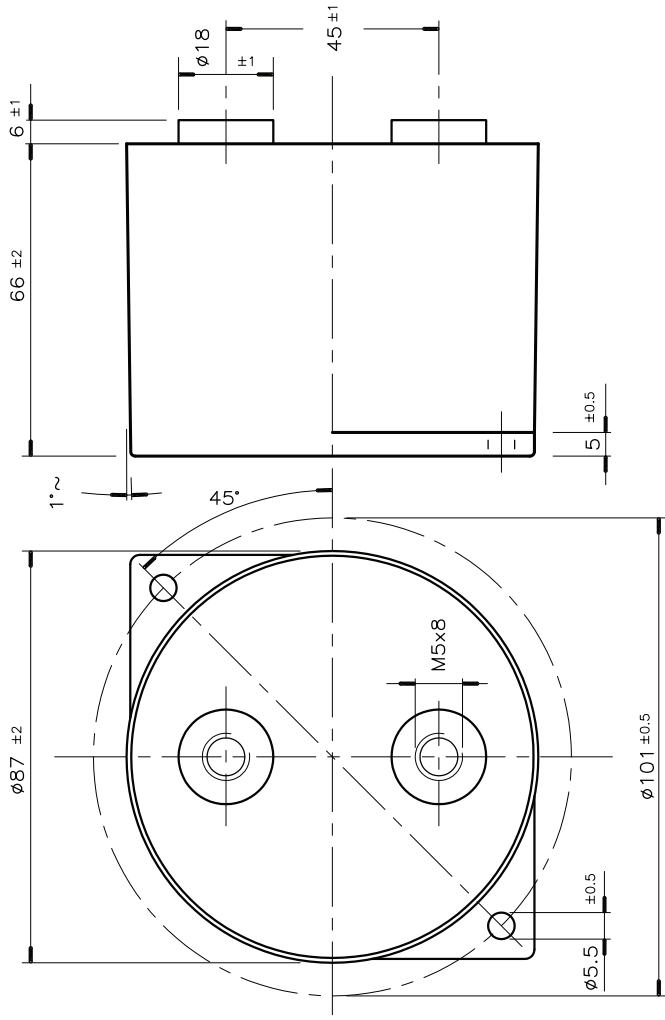


ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- OPTIMIZED FOR HEATSINK MOUNTING

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{pK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency R _{thn} (°C/W)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P2L-240-70	240	700	1400	60	5600	40	1	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2L-150-90	150	900	1800	55	4400	40	1,1	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2L-100-100	100	1100	2200	50	3600	40	1,3	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2L-75-125	75	1250	2500	45	3100	40	1,5	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2L-50-145	50	1450	2900	45	2400	40	1,6	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2L-35-180	35	1800	3600	40	2100	40	2	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16

- In order to decrease the thermal resistance, the capacitor should be installed on a heatsink through an heat conductive paste.
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



ICARITALY SH
 UNPROTECTED
 LNK - P2T - 150 - 90
 C 150 uF ± 10%
 U N 900 V DC
 U I 1250 V AC
 25 + 70 °C IEC61071
 Terminal Torque 1,3-1,0 N.m
 1,3-1,0 N.m

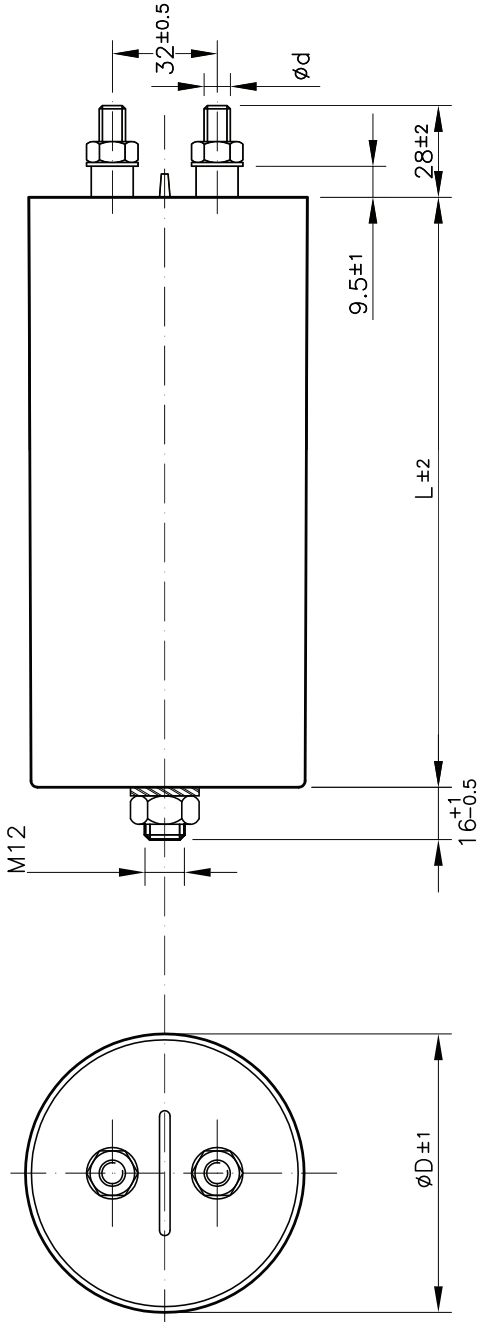
LNK - P2T

ULfile: E191589  In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- OPTIMIZED FOR HEATSINK MOUNTING
- FEMALE CONNECTOR

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency R _{thn} (°C/W)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P2T-240-70	240	700	1400	60	5600	40	1	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2T-150-90	150	900	1800	55	4400	40	1,1	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2T-100-100	100	1100	2200	50	3600	40	1,3	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2T-75-125	75	1250	2500	45	3100	40	1,5	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2T-50-145	50	1450	2900	45	2400	40	1,6	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16
LNK-P2T-35-180	35	1800	3600	40	2100	40	2	8,75	10	28	28	10	2	0,55	16

- In order to decrease the thermal resistance, the capacitor should be installed on a heatsink through an heat conductive paste.
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



* Diameter 60mm available only with screw terminals

LNK – P3X

RU ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- MECHANICAL LAYOUT OPTIMIZED TO EASY REPLACE ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS
- ALSO AVAILABLE WITH THREADED HOLE TERMINALS, ON REQUEST

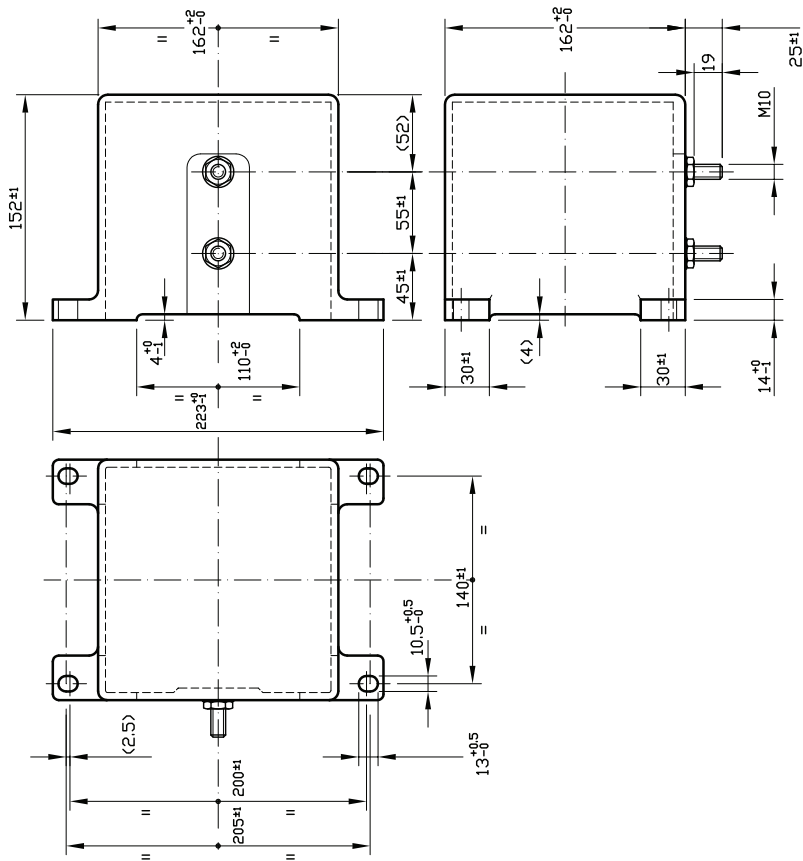
D (mm)	Creepage (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Screw terminals d	Tightening fixing stud (Nm)	Torque terminals (Nm)
60	30	19,5	M6	10	6
75	30	19,5	M6	10	6
85	30	19,5	M8	10	6
100	30	19,5	M8	10	10

MODEL	Capacitance C(µF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{pK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P3X-260-70	260	700	1050	25	1200	65	5,3	6,1	5	0,5	60*	140	36
LNK-P3X-400-70	400	700	1400	40	3400	75	2,7	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
LNK-P3X-470-70	470	700	1050	35	2200	65	3,1	5,9	5	0,75	75	140	16

MODEL

Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{pK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
540	700	1050	35	2200	75	3,0	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
640	700	1050	40	3000	65	2,4	5,7	5	0,9	85	140	16
750	700	1400	55	6400	75	1,6	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
1050	700	1050	50	4200	75	1,6	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
220	900	1350	25	1100	65	5,7	6,1	5	0,5	60*	140	36
250	900	1800	40	2700	75	2,3	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
400	900	1350	35	2000	65	3,3	5,9	5	0,75	75	140	16
460	900	1350	35	2000	75	3,2	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
500	900	1800	55	5500	75	1,9	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
540	900	1350	40	2800	65	2,5	5,7	5	0,9	85	140	16
890	900	1350	45	4000	75	1,7	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
200	1000	2000	40	2500	75	3,3	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
400	1000	2000	50	5000	75	2,0	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
160	1100	1650	25	1000	65	6,5	6,1	5	0,5	60*	140	36
190	1100	2200	40	2500	75	3,3	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
285	1100	1650	35	1800	65	3,8	5,9	5	0,75	75	140	16
325	1100	1650	30	1800	75	3,8	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
350	1100	2200	50	4600	75	2,2	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
385	1100	1650	35	2300	65	2,9	5,7	5	0,9	85	140	16
630	1100	1650	45	3300	75	2,0	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
140	1250	2500	35	2100	75	3,8	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
250	1250	2500	45	3800	75	2,5	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
105	1300	1950	20	800	65	8,0	6,1	5	0,5	60*	140	36
190	1300	1950	30	1400	65	4,6	5,9	5	0,75	75	140	16
220	1300	1950	30	1400	75	4,5	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
260	1300	1950	35	1900	65	3,4	5,7	5	0,9	85	140	16
420	1300	1950	40	2700	75	2,4	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
100	1450	2900	30	1700	75	4,6	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
200	1450	2900	45	3500	75	2,7	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9
66	1800	3600	30	1400	75	5,6	5,8	5	0,8	75	155	16
125	1800	3600	40	2700	75	3,3	5,5	5	1,4	100	155	9

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j-c} - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")
- * Diameter 60mm available only with screw terminals



LNK – P4X

RU ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

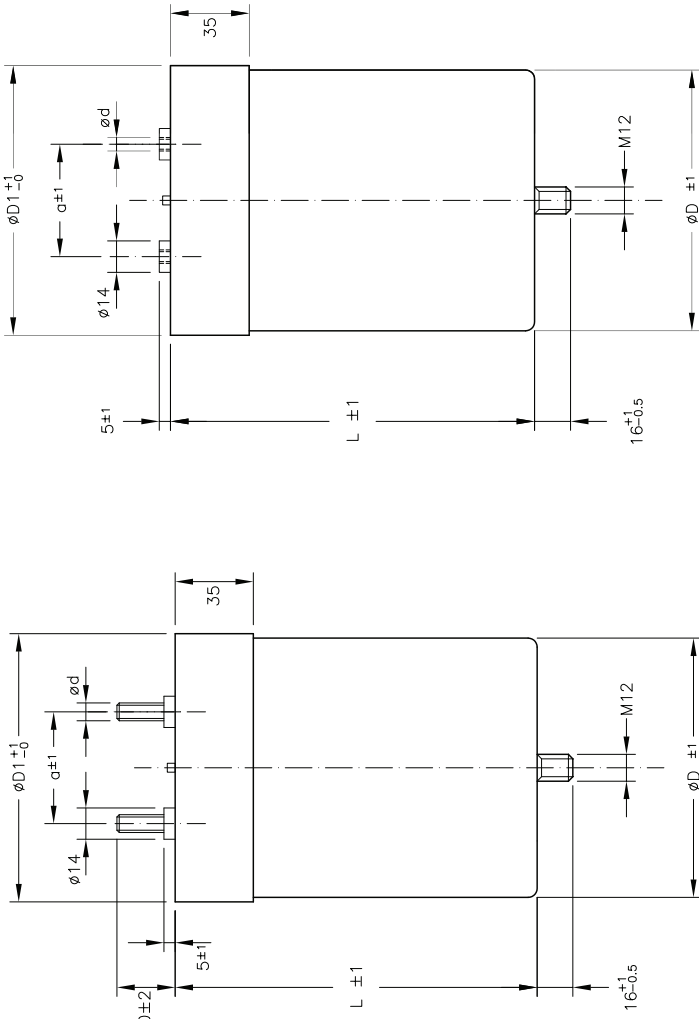
• HEAVY DUTY CONSTRUCTION

MODEL	Capacitance C(µF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal Resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage Between Terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P4X-2750-65	2750	650	975	120	10500	<30	0,62	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-2000-70	2000	700	1400	120	8800	<30	0,5	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-2350-80	2350	800	1200	120	10000	<30	0,65	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-1300-90	1300	900	1800	120	7200	<30	0,6	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4

MODEL

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal Resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage Between Terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P4X-1500-90	1500	900	1350	110	8000	<30	0,80	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-900-110	900	1100	2200	120	6000	<30	0,7	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-1150-110	1150	1100	1650	105	7000	<30	0,90	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-650-125	650	1250	2500	115	5200	<30	0,8	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-1000-125	1000	1250	1875	100	6500	<30	0,95	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-500-145	500	1450	2900	100	8800	<30	0,9	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-730-145	730	1450	2175	95	5500	<30	1,10	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-350-180	350	1800	3600	100	7600	<30	1,1	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-430-180	430	1800	2700	85	4000	<30	1,40	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-220-220	220	2200	4400	120	8400	<30	0,7	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-265-220	265	2200	3300	105	6800	<30	0,90	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-170-280	170	2800	4200	95	5400	<30	1,10	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-55-400	55	4000	8000	60	4200	<30	2,85	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-75-400	75	4000	6000	55	3400	<30	3,25	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-20-500	20	5000	10000	50	2300	<30	4,5	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4
LNK-P4X-50-500	50	5000	7500	50	2600	<30	4,05	2,75	15	47	35	20	8	5,2	4

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s., voltage test between terminals and case = 8000V x 10s (terminals and fixing bolts)
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



LNK - M3

RU ULfile: E191589  In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- MECHANICAL LAYOUT OPTIMIZED TO EASY REPLACE ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS
- AVAILABLE BOTH WITH SCREW AND THREADED HOLES TERMINALS

Terminals selection	
M3R	M6 threaded holes
M3S	M8 threaded holes
M3T	M6 screw terminals
M3U	M8 screw terminals

D (mm)	D1 (mm)	a (mm)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Terminal Screw or Threaded hole	Torque fixing stud M12 (Nm)	Torque terminals M6/M8 (Nm)
116	120	50	45	36	M6/M8	10	6/8
85	89	32	36	20	M6/M8	10	6/8

LNK – M3...1 HIGH CURRENT

U_N: 700V

U_S: 1050V

MODEL

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-560-70	560	70	6000	40	0,65	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-710-70	710	70	6000	45	0,75	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-870-70	870	70	6000	50	0,90	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-1180-70	1180	70	6000	60	1,30	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-1100-70	1100	100	12000	40	0,40	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-1450-70	1450	100	12000	45	0,45	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-1750-70	1750	100	12000	50	0,50	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-2400-70	2400	100	12000	60	0,70	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-2650-70	2650	100	12000	60	0,75	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-3000-70	3000	100	12000	60	0,75	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

U_N: 900V

U_S: 1350V

MODEL

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-470-90	470	70	5500	40	0,70	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-605-90	605	70	5500	45	0,80	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-740-90	740	70	5500	50	0,95	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-1000-90	1000	70	5500	60	1,40	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-950-90	950	100	11000	40	0,40	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-1220-90	1220	100	11000	45	0,45	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-1500-90	1500	100	11000	50	0,55	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-2030-90	2030	100	11000	60	0,75	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-2250-90	2250	100	11000	60	0,78	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-2570-90	2570	100	11000	60	0,78	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1,5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1,414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M3...1 HIGH CURRENT

U_N: 1100V

U_S: 1650V

MODEL	Capacitance C _{μF}	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-335-110	335	70	4700	40	0,75	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-430-110	430	70	4700	45	0,90	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-530-110	530	70	4700	50	1,05	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-720-110	720	65	4700	60	1,55	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-680-110	680	100	9400	40	0,45	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-870-110	870	100	9400	45	0,50	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-1065-110	1065	100	9400	50	0,58	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-1450-110	1450	100	9400	60	0,85	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-1600-110	1600	100	9400	60	0,85	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-1850-110	1850	100	9400	60	0,85	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

U_N: 1300V

U_S: 1950V

MODEL	Capacitance C _{μF}	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-225-130	225	65	3800	40	0,85	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-290-130	290	65	3800	45	1,05	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-350-130	350	65	3800	50	1,25	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-480-130	480	60	3800	60	1,80	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-455-130	455	100	7700	40	0,50	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-585-130	585	100	7700	45	0,55	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-710-130	710	100	7700	50	0,65	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-970-130	970	100	7700	60	0,95	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-1070-130	1070	100	7700	60	1,00	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-1230-130	1230	100	7700	60	1,00	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s; AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1,414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M3...1 HIGH CURRENT

U_N: 1650V U_S: 2475V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-145-165	145	60	3100	40	1,00	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-190-165	190	60	3100	45	1,20	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-230-165	230	60	3100	50	1,45	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-315-165	315	55	3100	60	2,15	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-300-165	300	100	6200	40	0,55	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-380-165	380	100	6200	45	0,65	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-465-165	465	100	6200	50	0,75	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-635-165	635	90	6200	60	1,10	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-700-165	700	90	6200	60	1,15	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-800-165	800	95	6200	60	1,15	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

U_N: 1850V U_S: 2780V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _S (nH)	Series Resistance R _S (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...1-112-185	112	60	2700	40	1,10	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M3...1-145-185	145	60	2700	45	1,35	5,3	10	1,1	85	158	16
LNK-M3...1-175-185	175	55	2700	50	1,60	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M3...1-240-185	240	50	2700	60	2,40	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M3...1-225-185	225	95	5500	40	0,60	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M3...1-290-185	290	95	5500	45	0,75	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M3...1-355-185	355	95	5500	50	0,85	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M3...1-485-185	485	85	5500	60	1,25	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M3...1-535-185	535	85	5500	60	1,30	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M3...1-610-185	610	90	5500	60	1,30	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N +1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{11} - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M3...2

HIGH SPECIFIC CAPACITANCE

U_N: 700V

U_S: 1050V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-445-70	445	45	3100	45	1,35	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-610-70	610	45	3100	45	2,05	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-670-70	670	45	3100	45	2,15	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-770-70	770	45	3100	50	2,10	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-1220-70	1220	70	6200	45	1,10	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-1350-70	1350	70	6200	45	1,15	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-1550-70	1550	75	6200	50	1,15	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 900V

U_S: 1350V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-380-90	380	45	2900	45	1,45	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-520-90	520	40	2900	45	2,20	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-570-90	570	40	2900	45	2,30	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-655-90	655	45	2900	50	2,25	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-1040-90	1040	65	5700	45	1,15	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-1150-90	1150	70	5700	45	1,25	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-1320-90	1320	70	5700	50	1,25	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1100V

U_S: 1650V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-270-110	270	40	2400	45	1,65	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-370-110	370	40	2400	45	2,55	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-420-110	420	40	2500	45	2,60	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-470-110	470	40	2400	50	2,60	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-740-110	740	60	4800	45	1,35	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-820-110	820	65	4800	45	1,45	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-940-110	940	65	4800	50	1,40	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M3...2 HIGH SPECIFIC CAPACITANCE

U_N: 1300V

U_S: 1950V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-180-130	180	40	2000	45	1,95	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-245-130	245	35	2000	45	3,05	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-275-130	275	35	2000	45	3,20	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-310-130	310	35	2000	50	3,10	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-495-130	495	60	4000	45	1,60	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-550-130	550	60	4000	45	1,70	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-625-130	625	60	4000	50	1,65	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1650V

U_S: 2475V

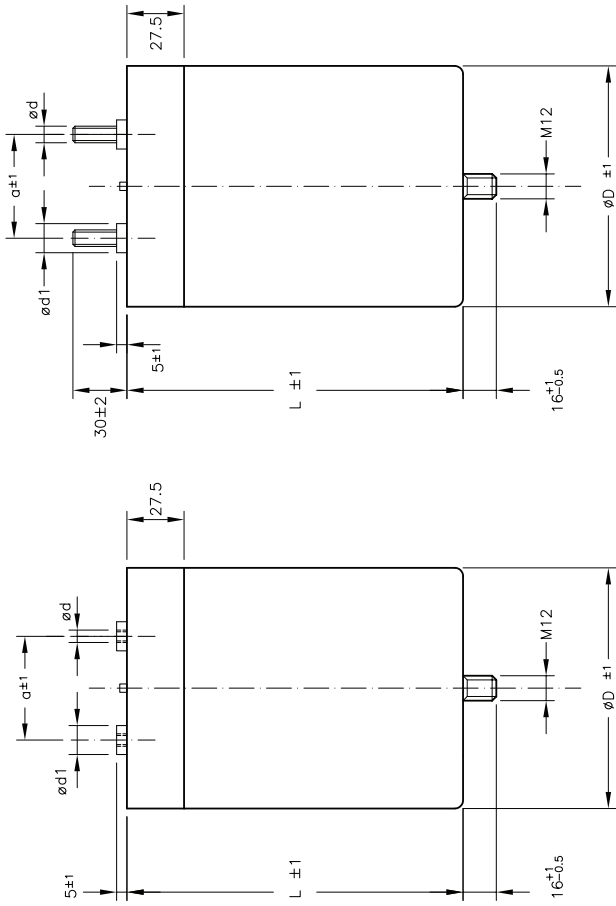
MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-118-165	118	35	1600	45	2,35	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-160-165	160	30	1600	45	3,65	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-180-165	180	30	1600	45	3,85	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-205-165	205	35	1600	50	3,75	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-325-165	325	50	3200	45	1,95	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-360-165	360	50	3200	45	2,05	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-410-165	410	55	3200	50	1,95	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1850V

U_S: 2780V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M3...2-90-185	90	35	1400	45	2,65	7,7	10	0,7	85	102	16
LNK-M3...2-122-185	122	30	1400	45	4,15	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M3...2-135-185	135	30	1400	45	4,40	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M3...2-155-185	155	30	1400	50	4,25	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M3...2-245-185	245	50	2800	45	2,15	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M3...2-270-185	270	50	2800	45	2,30	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M3...2-310-185	310	50	2800	50	2,25	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



LNK – M2

RU ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- MECHANICAL LAYOUT OPTIMIZED TO EASY REPLACE ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS
- COMPACT DESIGN

Terminals selection diameter D116

M2R	M6 threaded holes
M2S	M8 threaded holes
M2T	M6 screw terminals
M2U	M8 screw terminals

Terminals selection diameter D85

M2R	M6 threaded holes
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D (mm)	a (mm)	d1 (mm)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Terminal d	Torque fixing stud M12 (Nm)	Torque terminals M6/M8 (Nm)
116	50	14	45	36	M6/M8 screw and threaded holes	10	6/8
85	32	12	36	20	M6 threaded holes	10	6

LNK – M2...1 HIGH CURRENT

MODEL	UN: 700V					Us: 1050V					
	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-530-70	530	70	5800	40	0,65	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-685-70	685	70	5800	45	0,80	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-835-70	835	70	5800	50	0,95	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-1140-70	1140	70	5800	60	1,35	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-1080-70	1080	100	11600	40	0,40	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-1380-70	1380	100	11600	45	0,45	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-1700-70	1700	100	11600	50	0,50	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-2300-70	2300	100	11600	60	0,70	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-2550-70	2550	100	11600	60	0,75	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-2900-70	2900	100	11600	60	0,75	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

MODEL	UN: 900V					Us: 1350V					
	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-450-90	450	70	5300	40	0,70	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-580-90	580	70	5300	45	0,85	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-710-90	710	70	5300	50	1,00	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-970-90	970	70	5300	60	1,45	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-915-90	915	100	10700	40	0,40	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-1170-90	1170	100	10700	45	0,45	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-1430-90	1430	100	10700	50	0,55	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-1950-90	1950	100	10700	60	0,75	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-2150-90	2150	100	10700	60	0,80	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-2450-90	2450	100	10700	60	0,80	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 65mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1,414 x U_N +1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M2...1 HIGH CURRENT

U_N: 1100V

U_S: 1650V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-320-110	320	70	4500	40	0,78	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-415-110	415	70	4500	45	0,95	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-500-110	500	70	4500	50	1,10	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-690-110	690	65	4500	60	1,60	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-650-110	650	100	9000	40	0,45	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-840-110	840	100	9000	45	0,50	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-1020-110	1020	100	9000	50	0,60	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-1400-110	1400	100	9000	60	0,85	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-1550-110	1550	100	9000	60	0,90	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-1750-110	1750	100	9000	60	0,90	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

U_N: 1300V

U_S: 1950V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-215-130	215	65	3700	40	0,90	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-275-130	275	65	3700	45	1,05	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-340-130	340	65	3700	50	1,25	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-460-130	460	60	3700	60	1,85	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-435-130	435	100	7400	40	0,50	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-560-130	560	100	7400	45	0,60	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-685-130	685	100	7400	50	0,70	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-930-130	930	100	7400	60	1,00	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-1030-130	1030	100	7400	60	1,05	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-1180-130	1180	100	7400	60	1,05	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK-M2...1 HIGH CURRENT

U_N: 1650V

U_S: 2475V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (kHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-140-165	140	60	3000	40	1,05	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-180-165	180	60	3000	45	1,25	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-220-165	220	60	3000	50	1,45	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-300-165	300	55	3000	60	2,25	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-285-165	285	100	6000	40	0,55	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-365-165	365	100	6000	45	0,65	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-450-165	450	100	6000	50	0,80	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-610-165	610	90	6000	60	1,15	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-675-165	675	90	6000	60	1,20	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-770-165	770	95	6000	60	1,20	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

U_N: 1850V

U_S: 2780V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (kHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...1-105-185	105	60	2600	40	1,15	6,2	10	0,9	85	133	16
LNK-M2...1-135-185	135	60	2600	45	1,40	5,3	10	1,1	85	156	16
LNK-M2...1-165-185	165	55	2600	50	1,65	4,6	10	1,2	85	182	16
LNK-M2...1-230-185	230	50	2600	60	2,50	3,7	10	1,5	85	233	4
LNK-M2...1-215-185	215	95	5200	40	0,65	4,3	10	1,6	116	133	9
LNK-M2...1-280-185	280	95	5200	45	0,75	3,7	10	1,9	116	158	9
LNK-M2...1-340-185	340	95	5200	50	0,85	3,3	10	2,2	116	182	9
LNK-M2...1-460-185	460	85	5200	60	1,30	2,7	10	2,7	116	233	3
LNK-M2...1-510-185	510	85	5200	60	1,35	2,5	10	2,9	116	253	3
LNK-M2...1-585-185	585	90	5200	60	1,35	2,2	10	3,2	116	283	3

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1,414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M2...2

HIGH SPECIFIC CAPACITANCE

U_N: 700V U_V: 1050V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-585-70	585	40	3000	45	2,10	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-650-70	650	40	3000	45	2,25	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-740-70	740	45	3000	50	2,20	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-1180-70	1180	70	6000	45	1,15	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-1300-70	1300	70	6000	45	1,20	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-1500-70	1500	75	6000	50	1,15	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 900V U_V: 1350V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-500-90	500	40	2800	45	2,25	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-550-90	550	40	2800	45	2,40	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-630-90	630	45	2800	50	2,35	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-1000-90	1000	65	5500	45	1,20	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-1100-90	1100	65	5500	45	1,30	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-1260-90	1260	70	5500	50	1,25	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1100V U_V: 1650V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-355-110	355	40	2300	45	2,60	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-400-110	400	40	2400	45	2,70	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-450-110	450	40	2300	50	2,70	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-710-110	710	60	4600	45	1,40	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-790-110	790	65	4600	45	1,45	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-900-110	900	65	4600	50	1,45	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech, Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – M2...2

HIGH SPECIFIC CAPACITANCE

U_N: 1300V

U_V: 1950V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-235-130	235	35	1900	45	3,15	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-260-130	260	35	1900	45	3,30	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-300-130	300	35	1900	50	3,25	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-475-130	475	55	3800	45	1,65	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-525-130	525	60	3800	45	1,75	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-600-130	600	60	3800	50	1,70	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1650V

U_V: 2475V

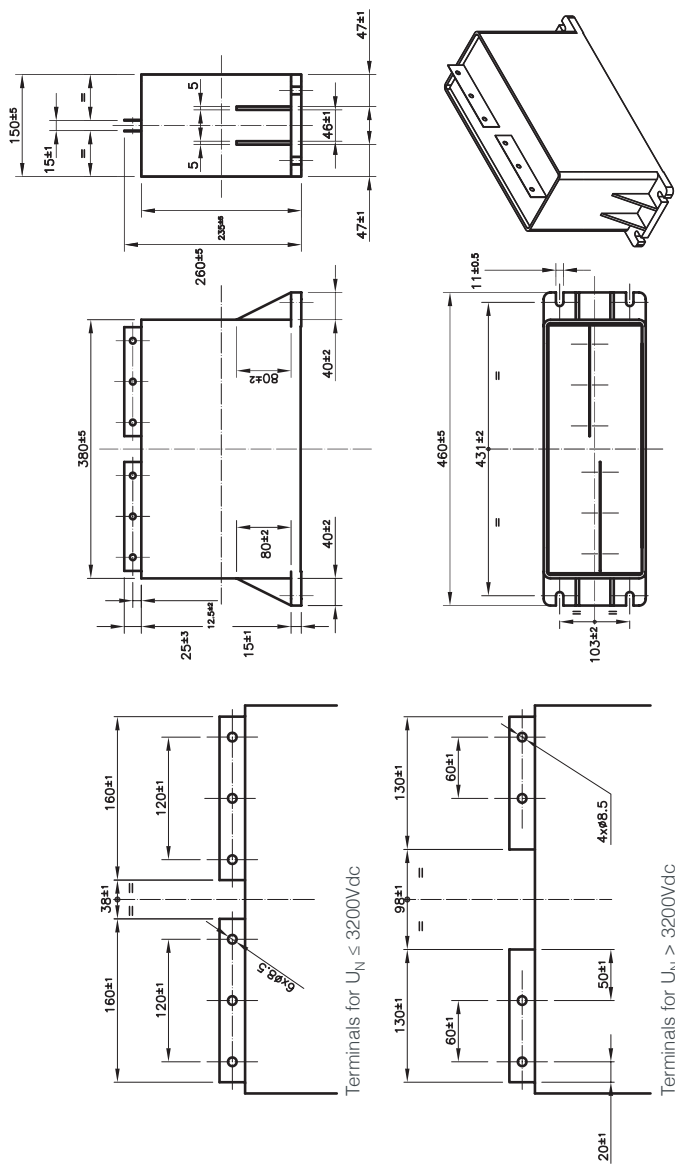
MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-155-165	155	30	1600	45	3,80	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-170-165	170	30	1600	45	4,00	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-195-165	195	35	1600	50	3,90	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-310-165	310	50	3100	45	2,00	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-345-165	345	50	3100	45	2,10	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-395-165	395	55	3100	50	2,05	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

U_N: 1850V

U_V: 2780V

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance Ls(nH)	Series Resistance Rs (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Weight (Kg)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-M2...2-115-185	115	30	1400	45	4,35	6,4	10	0,8	85	127	16
LNK-M2...2-130-185	130	30	1400	45	4,55	6,0	10	0,9	85	137	16
LNK-M2...2-150-185	150	30	1400	50	4,45	5,5	10	1,0	85	152	16
LNK-M2...2-235-185	235	50	2700	45	2,25	4,5	10	1,5	116	127	9
LNK-M2...2-260-185	260	50	2700	45	2,35	4,2	10	1,6	116	137	9
LNK-M2...2-300-185	300	50	2700	50	2,30	3,8	10	1,8	116	152	9

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech, Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection).
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 85mm: 85°C
- Maximum hot spot temperature for diameter 116mm: 80°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 1.414 x U_N + 1000 for 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

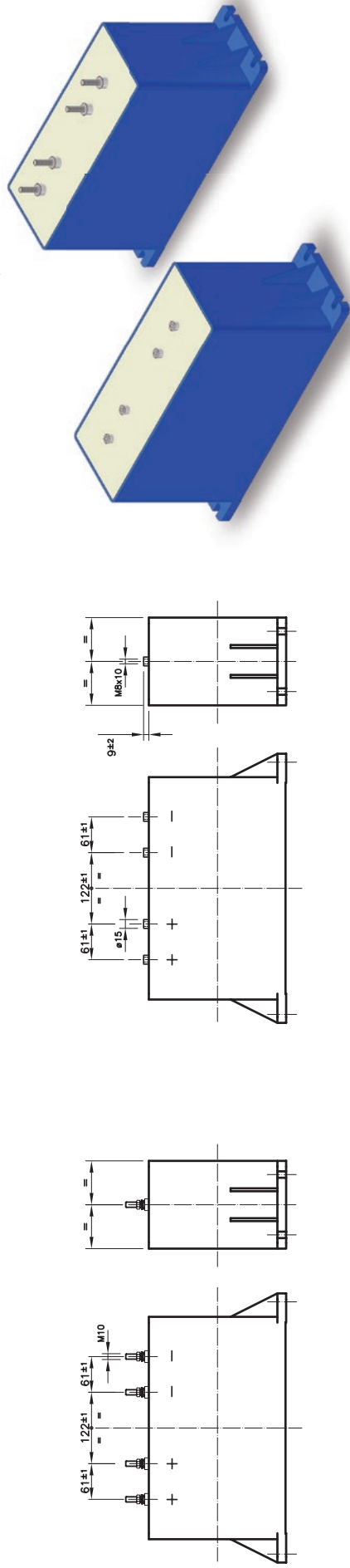


LNK – P5X

ULfile: E191589  In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CAPACITANCE
- LOW INDUCTANCE CONNECTIONS
- STANDARD CONFIGURATION

CUSTOM VERSIONS WITH SCREWS OR THREADED HOLES TERMINALS ARE AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



LNK – P5X

- HIGH CAPACITANCE
- LOW INDUCTANCE CONNECTIONS

MODEL

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P5X-10000-65	10000	650	975	300	38000	<30	0,20	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-8000-70	8000	700	1400	300	34000	<30	0,14	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-8500-80	8500	800	1200	300	36000	<30	0,22	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-5000-90	5000	900	1800	300	27000	<30	0,18	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-5300-100	5300	1000	1500	250	29000	<30	0,25	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-4200-100	4200	1000	2000	250	26000	<30	0,19	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-3500-110	3500	1100	2200	250	23000	<30	0,21	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-3600-120	3600	1200	1800	230	23000	<30	0,30	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-2600-125	2600	1250	2500	250	20000	<30	0,24	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-2650-135	2650	1350	2025	220	20000	<30	0,35	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-2000-145	2000	1450	2900	200	17000	<30	0,28	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-1600-160	1600	1600	3200	200	16000	<30	0,31	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-2000-160	2000	1600	2400	200	17500	<30	0,38	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-1300-180	1300	1800	3600	200	14000	<30	0,34	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-1600-180	1600	1800	2700	200	15000	<30	0,40	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-1000-200	1000	2000	4000	250	25000	<30	0,19	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-1000-210	1000	2100	3150	240	26000	<30	0,28	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-850-220	850	2200	4400	250	23000	<30	0,21	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-650-250	650	2500	5000	250	20000	<30	0,23	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-650-270	650	2700	4050	220	20000	<30	0,32	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-500-290	500	2900	5800	200	25000	<30	0,27	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-500-320	500	3200	4800	210	18000	<30	0,36	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-400-320	400	3200	6400	200	23000	<30	0,3	1,45	20	40	40	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-300-360	300	3600	7200	200	19000	<30	0,36	1,45	20	95	95	8	18	1
LNK-P5X-300-380	300	3800	5700	200	13500	<30	0,45	1,45	20	95	95	8	18	1

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 6000V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – P6X



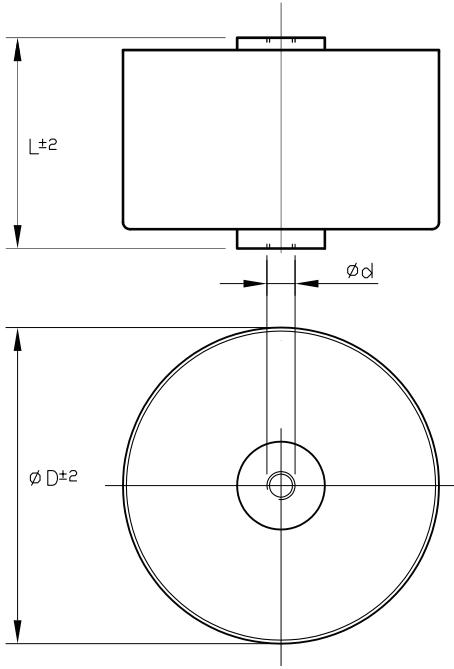
In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- VERY LOW INDUCTANCE

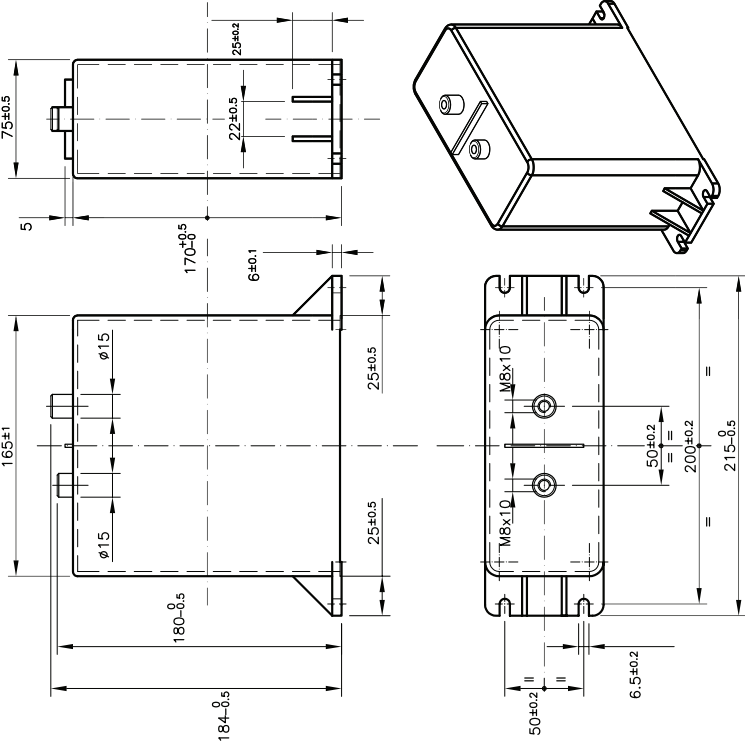
MODEL

LNK-P6X-90-70
LNK-P6X-125-70
LNK-P6X-150-70
LNK-P6X-50-90
LNK-P6X-75-90
LNK-P6X-100-90
LNK-P6X-33-110
LNK-P6X-50-110
LNK-P6X-66-110
LNK-P6X-30-125
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LNK-P6X-50-125
LNK-P6X-20-145
LNK-P6X-30-145
LNK-P6X-40-145
LNK-P6X-15-180
LNK-P6X-20-180
LNK-P6X-25-180

Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thjamb} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	d (mm)	D (mm)	L (mm)	Box qty (pcs)
90	700	1400	80	3100	15	0,7	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
125	700	1400	80	4400	15	0,5	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
150	700	1400	80	5300	15	0,4	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16
50	900	1800	55	2200	15	1	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
75	900	1800	70	3400	15	0,7	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
100	900	1800	80	4400	15	0,5	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16
33	1100	2200	50	1700	15	1,3	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
50	1100	2200	60	2700	15	0,9	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
66	1100	2200	75	3500	15	0,6	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16
30	1250	2500	50	1900	15	1,6	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
40	1250	2500	55	2500	15	1,1	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
50	1250	2500	65	3100	15	0,8	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16
20	1450	2900	45	1400	15	1,6	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
30	1450	2900	55	2100	15	1,1	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
40	1450	2900	65	2900	15	0,8	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16
15	1800	3600	40	1300	15	1,7	7,3	20	6	0,27	M6	70	59	25
20	1800	3600	50	1800	15	1,3	7,0	20	10	0,41	M8	80	60	16
25	1800	3600	60	2300	15	1	6,7	20	10	0,47	M8	90	60	16



- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{j1} - \theta_0$ within about 35°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



ICAR
 LNK - P7X - 600 - 100
 C 600 HF ± 10%
 U_N 1000 Vdc
 U_i 1250 Vdc
 -25+70°C IEC 61071
 UNPROTECTED 12min SH
 12-45

LNK - P7X



ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- DESIGNED FOR BUSBARS CONNECTIONS

MODEL	Capacitance C(µF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P7X-1200-70	1200	700	1400	165	10800	30	0,22	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-750-90	750	900	1800	155	8800	30	0,28	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-600-100	600	1000	2000	150	7800	30	0,32	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-500-110	500	1100	2200	145	13500	30	0,35	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-400-125	400	1250	2500	140	13000	30	0,38	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-300-145	300	1450	2900	130	11000	30	0,44	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8
LNK-P7X-200-180	200	1800	3600	120	9300	30	0,53	4,1	15	45	12	6	2,8	8

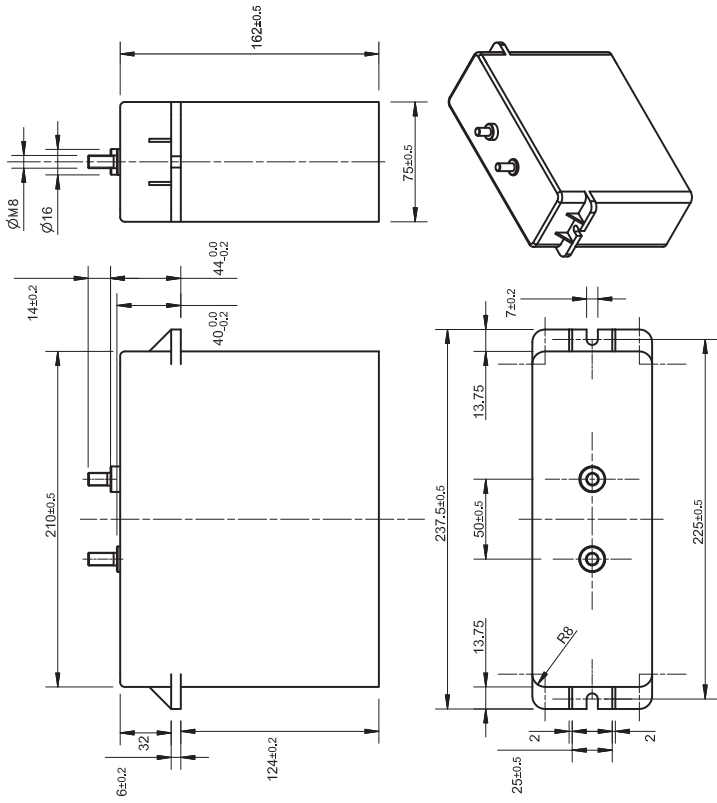
- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 30°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

LNK – P8X



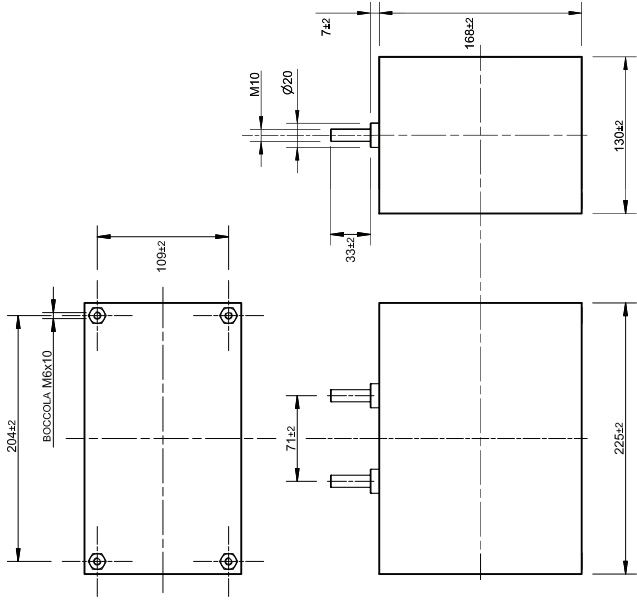
ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HEAVY DUTY CONSTRUCTION
- DESIGNED FOR BUSBARS CONNECTIONS
- LOW INDUCTANCE



MODEL	Capacitance C(µF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{pK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thn} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Tightening Torque (Nm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pcs)
LNK-P8X-1500-70	1500	700	1400	165	13500	30	0,22	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-850-90	850	900	1800	155	9700	30	0,27	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-700-100	700	1000	2000	150	9200	30	0,30	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-600-110	600	1100	2200	145	8300	30	0,31	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-430-125	430	1250	2500	140	14000	30	0,36	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-330-145	330	1450	2900	130	12000	30	0,40	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6
LNK-P8X-200-180	200	1800	3600	120	9600	30	0,51	3,4	15	34	34	12	6	3,8	6

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s., AC voltage test between terminals and case = 3500V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_1 - \theta_0$ within about 25°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")



ICAR
LNK - P9X
Capacitor
150 - 140
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LNK - P9X



ULfile: E191589 In accordance to UNI CEI 11170-3

- HIGH CURRENT
- LOW INDUCTANCE
- DESIGNED FOR BUSBARS CONNECTIONS

MODEL	Capacitance C(μF)	Rated DC Voltage U _N (V)	Peak Voltage U _S (V)	Max rms Current I _{max} (A)	Peak Current I _{PK} (A)	Self inductance L _s (nH)	Series Resistance R _s (mΩ)	Thermal resistance with natural cooling R _{thm} (°C/W)	Full current Max Working Frequency (KHz)	Creepage between terminals (mm)	Clearance (mm)	Fixing feet Tightening Torque (Nm)	Weight (Kg)	Box qty (pos)
LNK-P9X-3000-80	3000	800	1400	150	14500	<30	0,32	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-1750-100	1750	1000	2000	150	11000	<30	0,41	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-1350-110	1350	1100	2200	150	9500	<30	0,46	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-1250-120	1250	1200	2400	150	9500	<30	0,46	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-850-140	850	1400	2800	140	7500	<30	0,56	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-650-160	650	1600	3200	135	6500	<30	0,63	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-500-180	500	1800	3600	125	11000	<30	0,71	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-400-200	400	2000	4000	120	10000	<30	0,79	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-330-220	330	2200	4400	150	13500	<30	0,27	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-300-240	300	2400	4800	150	13000	<30	0,28	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-220-270	220	2700	5400	150	11000	<30	0,30	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-200-280	200	2800	5600	150	10000	<30	0,38	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-150-320	150	3200	6400	150	8500	<30	0,38	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4
LNK-P9X-120-350	120	3500	7000	150	8000	<30	0,41	2,75	10	51	51	6	6,5	4

- In case of doubt regarding the full current maximum working frequency, please contact ICAR Tech. Dept. for de-rating according to current spectrum
- The thermal resistance is estimated considering the capacitor alone, not fixed and in free air condition (natural convection)
- Maximum hot spot temperature: 85°C
- Routine dielectric test: DC voltage test between terminals = 1.5 U_N x 10 s, AC voltage test between terminals and case = 6000V x 10 s
- I_{max} has been calculated for a thermal rise $\theta_{11} - \theta_0$ within about 35°C (for more details see "Selections rules and definitions")

Custom DC link capacitors

Beside the standard products shown in this catalogue, ICAR produces also a wide range of custom capacitors. ICAR technical department is ready to support customers in developing capacitors based on their requests and specifications.

Custom capacitors for DC link are grouped as follows:

- **LNK-P** series are the capacitors based on the same technology as standard products: metallised polypropylene film, plastic case, dry type resin filled. Customization is mostly related to connections, capacitance value and other special characteristics; the cases are the same used in the standard series.
- **LNK-M** series are metallised polypropylene film, metal cases (aluminium or steel) capacitors, dry type resin filled. Beside the personalization of the P series, the metal case allows our designers to follow mechanical requirements of the customer without any investment related to the plastic case mould.
- **BIOENERGY-D65** series are metallised polypropylene film, metal case (aluminium or steel) capacitors, oil filled. This solution is generally suggested for higher voltage applications

The range of our customized products is extremely wide and covers most of the possible requirements in the railway and traction equipments, industrial drives, wind and solar inverters, special industrial plants.

For any further information please contact our sales department.



Warning

DO NOT MISAPPLY CAPACITORS FOR POWER ELECTRONICS

Icar is not responsible for any kind of possible damages to persons or things, derived from the improper installation and application of Power Electronics capacitors

MOST COMMON MISAPPLICATION FORMS:

- Ripple current and peak current beyond specification or not according with the maximum power that can be dissipated.
- Surge or working voltage beyond specified value.
- Hot spot or storage temperature beyond the specified limits or not according with the maximum power that can be dissipated.
- Incorrect mounting or wrong installation
 - installation nearby hot components or heat sources
 - not suitable connections (not adequate cable or busbars cross section)
 - nuts and washers material, shape or size not suitable for the application
 - tightening torque not according to the specification
- Unusual service conditions as:
 - mechanical shock and vibrations
 - corrosive or abrasive conductive parts in cooling air
 - oil or water vapour or corrosive substances
 - explosive gas or dust
 - radioactivity
 - excessive and fast variations of ambient conditions
 - service areas higher than 2000 m above sea level

Periodic check of the connection conditions and tightening torque is strongly recommended.

In case of doubt in choice or in performances of the capacitors **Icar technical service MUST be contacted.**

DISCLAIMER

All the information and data shown in this catalogue are not binding and can be modified without notice. Contact ICAR sales department to get updated specifications. Reliability data quoted by ICAR are based on statistical evaluations, and does not guarantee properties or performance of each single component.

All the products described in the catalogue shall be used within the limits stated in the technical specifications, nevertheless it is understood that a failure or an abnormal operation, even when capacitors are working within the specified limits, cannot be completely excluded or foreseen at the current state of the art of technology.

Capacitors may become hazardous. Most common risks are related to combustible gas generation, explosion, fire, electrocution or abnormal operation of the capacitor. Not all the possible risks and safety measures are mentioned in this catalogue, further information are available on request. It is on customer responsibility to select and take all the necessary safety measures in his applications in order to avoid any possible personal injury or property damage related to the use of capacitors. This is valid in particular for applications in which a failure or an abnormal operation of the capacitors could put at risk human life or health.

ICAR SpA and all the persons acting on its behalf, disclaim any and all liabilities for possible damages resulting from the use of the products described in this catalogue or in any other publication.

ICAR reserves the right to discontinue the production of any item without notice. All orders are subject to ICAR General Conditions of Sales – latest revision.

Blank Data Sheet for DC Link Capacitors

Company

Name

Phone

Fax

Address

Department

E-mail

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rated capacitance [μF]

Tolerance [%]

Rated capacitor voltage [V]

Dc voltage [V]

Ripple voltage (peak to peak value) [V]

Ripple voltage (rms value) [V]

Ripple frequency [Hz]

Rated rms current [A]

Repetitive peak current [A]

Surge peak current [A]

Max self inductance [nH]

DRAWING

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Average operating ambient temperature θ [°C]

Max and Min. Operating ambient temperature θ max/ θ min [°C] /

Cooling system NATURAL CONV. FORCED AIR

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Max dimensions - Number of terminals [mm] Length x Width x Height [Nr]

Operating position Vertical Horizontal Other – Specify

Installation Indoor Outdoor

If possible please add voltage and current wave shapes

REMARKS

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